MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

PROPERTY NAME: M. Slaughter Farm Inventory No. CAR-347

ADDRESS: 11251 Downes Station Road, Ridgely, MD 21660-1802

OWNER: Rose S. Wood

TAX PARCEL NUMBER: 27

PROJECT: MD 404 from US Route 50 to Denton Bypass AGENCY: MD SHA

SITE VISIT BY: Archaeological and Historical Consultants, Inc.

NAME: Wendy Zug-Gilbert DATE: July 2001

ELIGIBILITY RECOMMENDED X

CRITERIA: A; B; C; D

CONSIDERATIONS: A; B; C; D; E; F; G; NONE

Is property located within an historic district? Yes; X no

IS DISTRICT LISTED? YES; NO

NAME OF DISTRICT:

DOCUMENTATION ON THE PROPERTY/DISTRICT IS PRESENTED IN:

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY AND ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION:

Summary Description:

The M. Slaughter Farm is located at the northeast corner of Shore Highway (MD Route 404) and Downes Station Road, west of Denton, Caroline County in Maryland's Eastern Shore. The 194-acre farm consists of a nineteenth-century farmhouse, a modern residence, and outbuildings (barn with attached calf house, milkhouse, two poulty houses, and two equipment sheds) that date to the mid-twentieth century. The farm is linear in form with the historic residence at the eastern end and the agricultural outbuildings lined up along the north side of the farm lane. A modern residence, built in 1957 to replace the earlier house, is to the west of the farm buildings. The historic farmhouse is a nineteenth-century, two-and-a-half-story, frame dwelling that was constructed in two phases. The eastern section was the farm's original dwelling and probably dates to the early nineteenth century. It is a one-and-a-half-story, three-bay frame structure built in a hall-and-parlor plan with two gabled dormers. The later portion, dating to the mid-nineteenth century, is a larger two-and-a-half-story, three bay frame structure built onto the original farmhouse's western gable end.

Significance:

The M. Slaughter Farm does not retain sufficient architectural and historical integrity to be recommended eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under any criterion. Although the original farmhouse is still standing and is architecturally interesting, the addition of modern materials to its exterior and the slightly changed fenestation (on the building's western and rear elevations) have altered its historic appearance and integrity. The farm buildings date to the mid-twentieth century and are not contemporaneous with the nineteenth-century farmhouse. The construction of the new farmhouse in 1957 left the original dwelling vacant and neglected. Historically a dairy farm until the 1960s, the property is currently farmed by tenants.

PREPARED BY: Wendy Zug-Gilbert, Principal Investigator, Archaeological and Historical Consultants, Inc.

Maryland	d Histo	rical T	rust R	eviev	v								
Eligibility recommended					Eligibility not recommended:								
Criteria:	A;	В;	C;	D	Considerations:	A ;	В;	C;	D;	E;	F;	G;	None
Comments													
					1 1		•				/ _ /		
Reviewer,	Office of	f Preser	vation S	ervice	s Amhrow	Lei	W		Date	09/2	25/0	1	
Reviewer, I	NR prog	ram	\mathcal{A}	16	11				Date	9/2	7/		9

V-entered

CAROLINE COUNTY HISTORIC SITE SUMMARY SHEET

SURVEY No.: CAR-347

NAME: M. Slaughter Farm

LOCATION: 11251 Downes Station Road, west of Denton

DATE: 1820-1950

Access: Private

ODESCRIPTION:

The M. Slaughter Farm is located at the northeast corner of Shore Highway (MD Route 404) and Downes Station Road, west of Denton, Caroline County in Maryland's Eastern Shore. The 194-acre farm consists of a nineteenth-century farmhouse, a modern residence, and outbuildings (barn with attached calf house, milkhouse, two poultry houses, and two equipment sheds) that date to the mid-twentieth century. The farm is linear in form with the historic residence at the eastern end and the agricultural outbuildings lined up along the north side of the farm lane. A modern residence, built in 1957 to replace the earlier house, is to the west of the farm buildings. The historic farmhouse is a nineteenth-century, two-and-a-half-story, frame dwelling that was constructed in two phases. The eastern section was the farm's original dwelling and probably dates to the early nineteenth century. It is a one-and-a-half-story, three-bay frame structure built in a hall-and-parlor plan with two gabled dormers. The later portion, dating to the mid-nineteenth century, is a larger two-and-a-half-story, three bay frame structure built onto the original farmhouse's western gable end.

SIGNIFICANCE:

The M. Slaughter Farm does not retain sufficient architectural and historical integrity to be recommended eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under any criterion. Although the original farmhouse is still standing and is architecturally interesting, the addition of modern materials to its exterior and the slightly changed fenestation (on the building's western and rear elevations) have altered its historic appearance and integrity. The farm buildings date to the mid-twentieth century and are not contemporaneous with the nineteenth-century farmhouse. The construction of the new farmhouse in 1957 left the original dwelling vacant and neglected. Historically a dairy farm until the 1960s, the property is currently farmed by tenants.

Inventory No. CAR-347

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of	Property	(indicate preferred r	name)					
historic	M. Slaughter	Farm (preferred)	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
other	Wood Farm				·	<u> </u>		
2. Location								
street and number	r 11251 Downe	s Station Road	·			n/a	not for	publication
city, town	Ridgely	···				X	vicinity	.
county	Caroline						<u>.</u> ;-	
3. Owner of	f Property	(give names and mailing	g address	es of all o	owners)	<u> </u>		
name	Rose S. Wood					-		
street and numbe	r 11251 Downe	s Station Road			telep	hone	n/a	
city, town	Ridgely		state	MD	zip c	ode	21660-1	1802
4. Location	of Legal D	escription						
courthouse, regist	try of deeds, etc.	Caroline County Courthous	e		tax map and	parcel	27-37	
city, town	Denton				liber	154	folio	699
	·	f Additional Data	3					
Cont Dete Dete Reco	rnibuting Resource is rmined Eligible for rmined Ineligible for orded by HABS/HA oric Structure Repo	in National Register District in Local Historic District the National Register/Maryla or the National Register/Mary ER rt or Research Report at MH	land Reg					
6. Classific	ation				" ** <u>*</u> *********************************			
CategorydistrictX_building(s)structuresiteobject	Ownershippublicprivateboth	Current Function agriculturecommerce/tradedefensedomesticeducationfunerarygovernmenthealth careindustry	red	ndscape creation/c ligion cial nsportation rk in prog known cant/not in her:	culture on gress		Contribut	icontributing 1 buildings sites structures objects Total ting Resources the Inventory

7. Description		Inventory No. CAR-347
Condition		
excellent	X deteriorated	
X good	ruins	
fair	altered	

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The M. Slaughter Farm is located at the northeast corner of Shore Highway (MD Route 404) and Downes Station Road, west of Denton, Caroline County in Maryland's Eastern Shore. The 194-acre farm consists of an historic farmhouse, a modern residence, a barn with attached calf house, a milkhouse, two poulty houses, and two equipment sheds. The farm is linear in form with the historic residence at the eastern end and the agricultural outbuildings lined up along the north side of the farm lane. At the western end of this line of buildings is the property's modern residence, which was built in 1957 to replace the earlier house.

The historic farmhouse on the M. Slaughter Farm is a mid-nineteenth-century, two-and-a-half-story, frame dwelling that was constructed in two phases. The earliest section of the building is a one-and-a-half-story, three-bay structure that was the farm's original residence. This early nineteenth-century structure was built in a hall-and-parlor plan. Features include two gabled dormers, a brick interior chimney, and a combination of original six-over-six and replacement one-over-one sash windows. An historic shed-roof frame addition on its eastern gable end functioned as a garage. The later two-and-a-half-story section was built onto the western gable end of the original house. This three-bay frame structure is two rooms in depth, has a shed-roof front porch with simple turned posts, two interior brick end chimneys, a six-panel door with three-pane transom, and a combination of original six-over-six and replacement one-over-one sash windows. Both sections of the house sit on a brick foundation, have an asphalt-shingle roof, and are covered with asbestos siding with vinyl shutters.

Directly to the west of the historic farmhouse are the two equipment sheds. The larger of the two is a concrete block structure with a metal roof and wooden planks in the gable ends. It dates to the 1940s. The smaller shed, which is older, is located at the larger shed's eastern gable end and has vertical plank siding and wooden shakes on its gabled roof.

The barn also dates to the 1940s and is a concrete-block and frame structure with a wooden shake-covered gambrel roof. A long one-story calf house is attached to its eastern side wall. This structure has metal siding and a metal roof. Off the southern elevation of the calf house is a small gable-roof milkhouse. This structure is built of concrete block, has a metal roof, and brick sills at the window openings.

To the west of the barn are two low, long poultry houses. These buildings have metal siding and metal roofs.

8. Signification	ance			Inventory No. CAR-347		
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and ju	ustify below			
1600-1699 1700-1799 X_ 1800-1899 X_ 1900-1999 2000-	 X agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation 	 economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement 	 health/medicine industry invention landscape architect law literature manitime history military 	performing arts philosophy politics/government ure religion science social history transportation other:		
Specific dates	unknown		Architect/Builder	unknown		
Construction da	ates 1820-1950					
Evaluation for: X	National Register		laryland Register	not evaluated		

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Significance

The M. Slaughter Farm does not retain sufficient architectural and historical integrity to be recommended eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under any criterion. Although the original farmhouse is still standing and is architecturally interesting, the addition of modern materials to its exterior and the slightly changed fenestation (on the building's western and rear elevations) have altered its historic appearance and integrity. The farm buildings date to the mid-twentieth century and are not contemporaneous with the nineteenth-century farmhouse. The construction of the new farmhouse in 1957 left the original dwelling vacant and neglected. Historically a dairy farm until the 1960s, the property is currently farmed by tenants.

Historic Narrative

The M. Slaughter Farm was initially settled in the early nineteenth century. During this period, the Eastern Shore of Maryland was an important agricultural area producing crops for marketplaces in Annapolis, Baltimore, and Washington, D.C. By this time, the tobacco-based economy that dominated the Chesapeake area during the early eighteenth century had given way to one based on the production of feed grains (Lanier & Herman 1997:178). Indian corn, wheat, oats, and rye were the primary grains grown in Caroline County. Other important crops during this period included Irish potatoes, sweet potatoes, hay, and orchard produce. Wool and butter were also produced. It is not known who originally settled the M. Slaughter Farm, however, the earliest component of the house suggests settlement may have occurred as early as the turn of the nineteenth century. From this period up through the Civil War, it is reasonable to believe that the farm produced many of the area's primary crops, such as those mentioned above.

Agricultural diversification followed the Civil War, and was characterized by the industrialization of agriculture, the beginning of mechanized farming, and the emergence of strong regional urban markets (Lanier & Herman 1997:178). In addition, the extension of the Maryland & Delaware Railroad to neighboring Hillsboro in 1868 provided high-speed transit for formerly untransportable produce. Produce such as berries, cherries, peaches, and perishable vegetables as well as small game and animals including partridges, wild duck, geese, rabbits, and poultry could be shipped farther and faster (Preston 1983:234). Eggs and oysters were other major products. In 1875, M. Slaughter owned the farm (Isler 1875). By that time, the two-and-a-half-story, three-bay portion of the dwelling had been built onto the western gable end of the earlier house.

In 1896, a second railroad was constructed through the area (Hayman 1979:118). The Queen Annes Railroad was the last major railroad to be built on the Eastern Shore. It was constructed as an east-west line to service the agriculturally productive region in the upper Eastern Shore. This railroad ran along the north side of Queen Anne Highway between Wye Mills and Queen Anne following the northern boundary of the M. Slaughter Farm. A station was established across the Ridgely to Bridgetown road (now MD 312) from the farm. This line serviced the growing number of canneries in this portion of the Eastern Shore region.

During the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, many canneries were established in the area. Canneries were important commercial enterprises on the Eastern Shore, often backed by big-city businesses, but sometime operated by small local businesses. The area's fertile land, multiple farms, and un-unionized labor created the perfect climate for massive farm production. Caroline

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

M. Slaughter Farm Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 1

Historic Narrative (continued)

County canneries packed peaches, peas, tomatoes, and corn (Burton 1986:36). Technological advancements in food preservation and the manufacture of cans fueled the county's canning industries around the turn of the twentieth century. Many small towns had their own cannery with produce provided by the local farms. During this period, the M. Slaughter Farm was owned by Mrs. K. Downes (Saulsbury 1897). It is conceivable that during the early twentieth century, the farm grew produce for the cannery at Downes. This cannery was located near the railroad station next to the farm. Production of canneries peaked in 1920 with subsequent decline during the mid- and latter twentieth century.

Also by this early twentieth century period, significant changes in farming practices ushered in a new period of agriculture. The use of engine-driven trucks and tractors, the importance of hygienic farming standards, and the expansion of truck farming became important trends. The fact that none of the outbuildings associated with the farm's earlier occupation are extant may indicate the growing trend of the period to reuse materials from earlier buildings to construct the newer, more task-specific buildings necessary for twentieth-century agricultural practices.

The M. Slaughter Farm was historically a dairy farm and continued to function as such through the 1960s. The current owners purchased the property circa 1940. Later that decade they replaced the earlier dairy barn with the current arched-roof structure. The attached calf house, milkhouse, and the larger of the two equipment sheds date to this period. The poultry houses also date to the period, following the 1950s trend of the Eastern Shore toward a large poultry industry (Callcott 1985:10). These structures have foundations built of concrete-block, which gained popularity as a building material just before the mid-twentieth century. In 1957, a modern residence was constructed on the farm, replacing the original farmhouse. The property was transformed into a horse breeding and training farm in the latter part of the 1960s, after diary farming ended. A horse track was built to the east of the farm buildings. Currently, the owner lives in the modern residence and the property is tenant farmed. The original farmhouse stands vacant and deteriorating as do the equipment sheds and poultry houses.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. CAR-347

PA

state

Burton, R. Lee, Jr.

1986 Canneries of the Eastern Shore. Tidewater Publishers, Centreville, Maryland.

Callcott, George H.

1985 Maryland and America, 1940 to 1980. The Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore.

Caroline County Tax Assessment Records and Tax Maps. Located at Caroline County Courthouse, Denton, MD.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property
Acreage of historical setting
Quadrangle name

194 acres
194 acres
Ridgely, MD (1973)
Quadrangle scale: 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

n/a

city or town

11. Form Prepared by				
name/title	Wendy Zug-Gilbert / Principal Investigator			
organization	Archeaological & Historical Consultants, Inc.	date	July 2001	
street & number	101 N. Pennsylvania Ave., PO Box 482	telephone	(814) 364-2135	

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Centre Hall

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

M. Slaughter Farm Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 1

Major Bibliographical References (continued)

Hayman, John C.

1979 Rails Along the Chesapeake – A History of Railroading on the Delmarva Peninsula, 1827-1978. Marvadel Publishers, unknown location.

Isler, John B.

1875 Map of Caroline County, Maryland.

Lanier, Gabrielle M. & Bernard L. Herman

1997 Everyday Architecture of the Mid-Atlantic. The Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore.

Preston, Dickinson J.

1983 Talbot County: A History. Tidewater Publishers, Centreville, MD.

Saulsbury, M. L.

1897 Map of Caroline County, Maryland. Drafted by M. L. Saulsbury, Civil Engineer, Ridgely, Maryland. Traced and copied by George Herbert Foster, Denton, Maryland, 1969.

United States Geologic Survey (USGS)

1973 Ridgely, Maryland Quadrangle. 7.5-minute series.

1905 Denton, Maryland Quadrangle. 15-minute series.

PRESERVATION VISION 2000: THE MARYLAND PLAN STATEWIDE HISTORIC CONTEXTS

I. GEOGRAPHIC REGION:

X EASTERN SHORE (ALL EASTERN SHORE COUNTIES AND CECIL)
WESTERN SHORE (ANNE ARUNDEL, CALVERT, CHARLES, PRINCE GEORGE'S, ST. MARY'S)
PIEDMONT (BALTIMORE CITY, BALTIMORE, CARROLL, FREDERICK, HARFORD,, HOWARD,
MONTGOMERY)

WESTERN MARYLAND (ALLEGANY, GARRETT, WASHINGTON)

II. CHRONOLOGICAL/DEVELOPMENTAL PERIODS:

- X RURAL AGRARIAN INTENSIFICATION (A.D. 1680-1815)
- X AGRICULTURAL-INDUSTRIAL TRANSITION (A.D. 1815-1870)
- X INDUSTRIAL/URBAN DOMINANCE (A.D. 1870-1930)

 MODERN PERIOD (A.D. 1930-PRESENT)

UNKNOWN PERIOD (PREHISTORIC; HISTORIC)

III. HISTORIC PERIOD THEMES:

- X AGRICULTURE
- ARCHITECTURE, LANDSCAPE, ARCHITECTURE, AND COMMUNITY PLANNING
 ECONOMIC (COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL)
 GOVERNMENT/LAW
 MILITARY
 RELIGION
 SOCIAL/EDUCATIONAL/CULTURAL
 TRANSPORTATION

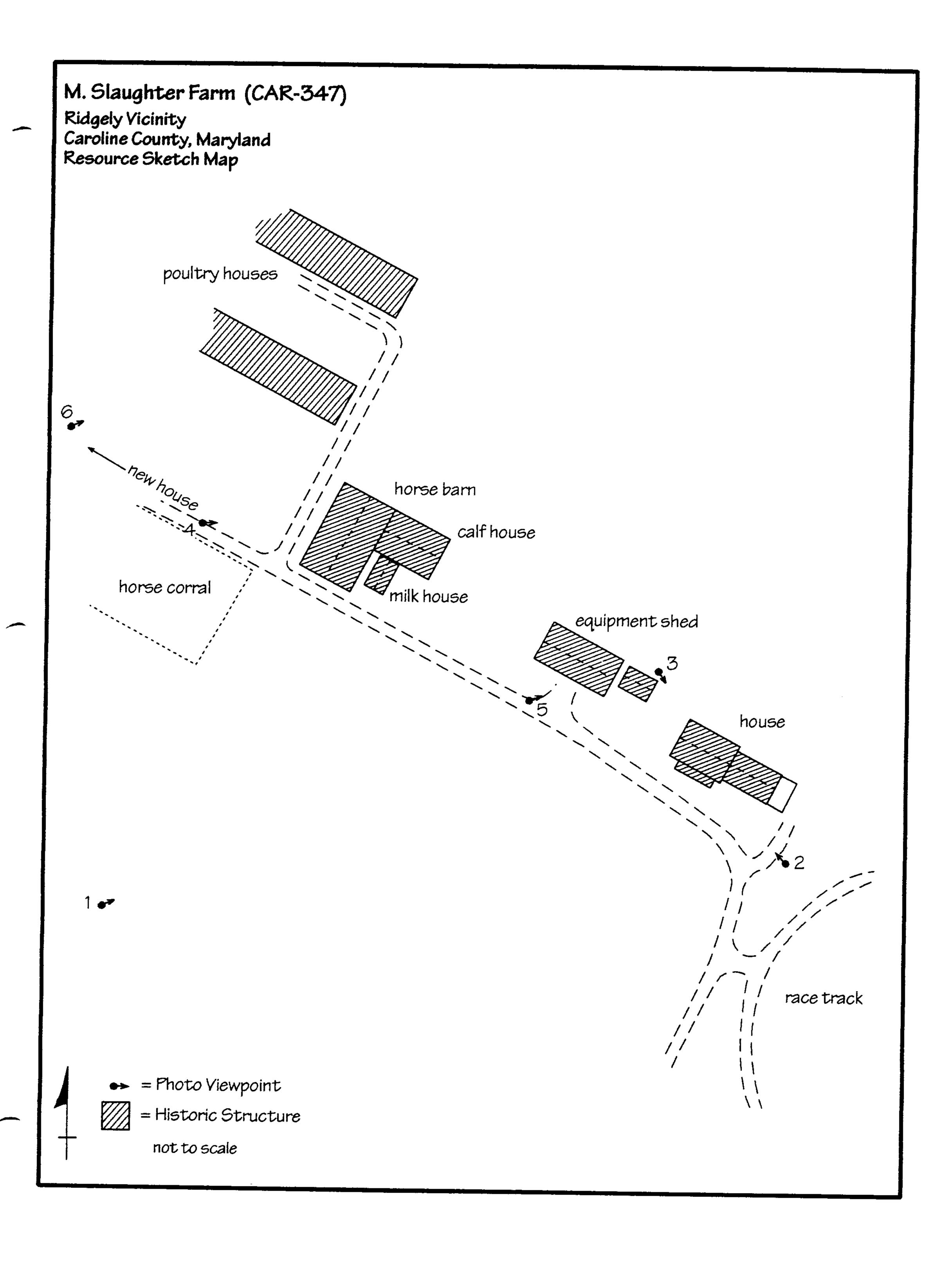
IV. RESOURCE TYPE:

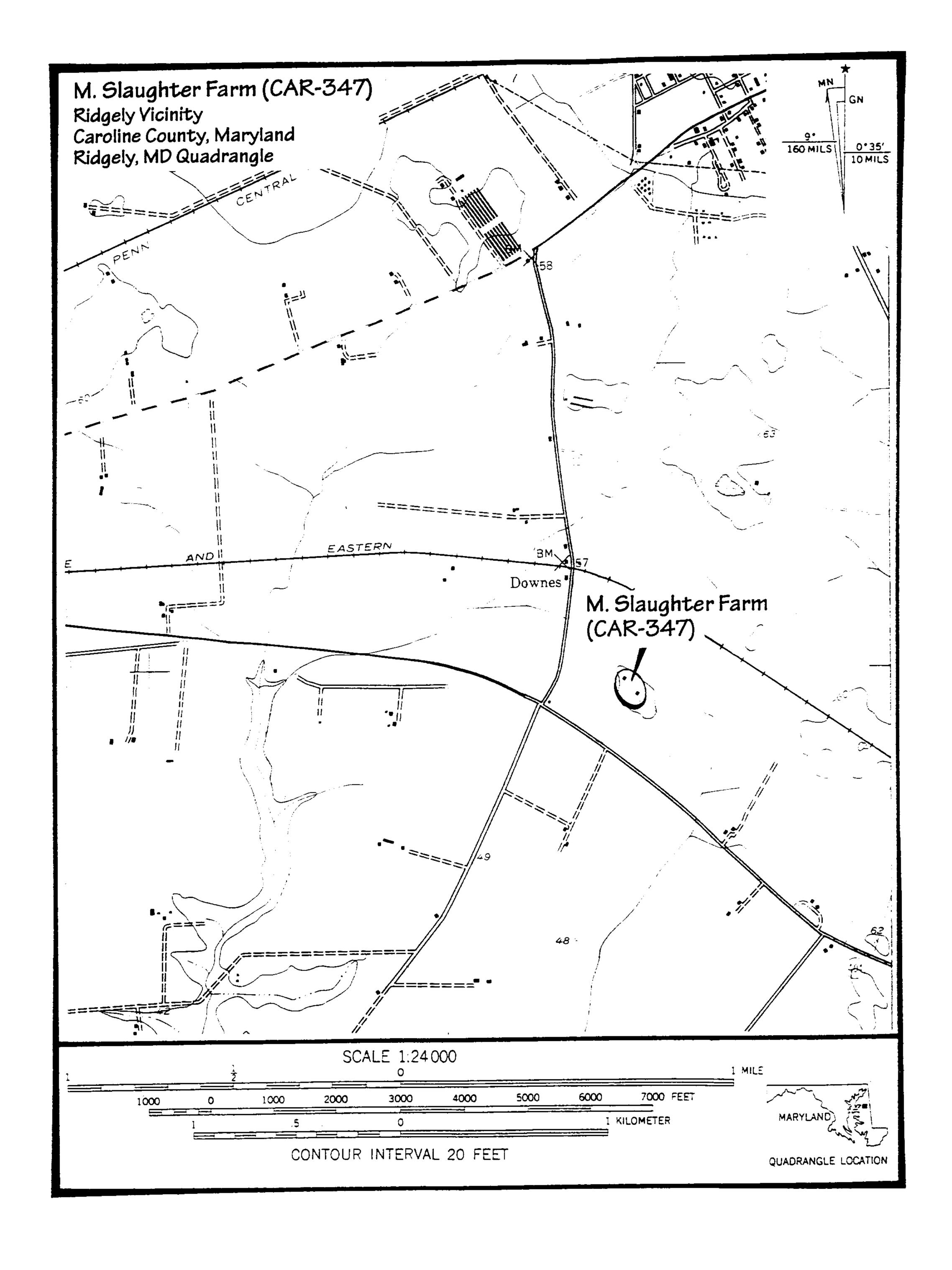
CATEGORY: farm

HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT: rural

HISTORIC FUNCTION(S) AND USE(S): farm

KNOWN DESIGN SOURCE: none







CAR-347
M. Slaughter Farm
Caroline County, Maryland
Wendy Zug-Gilbert
July 2001
MD SHPO
Overview of M. Slaughter Farm, facing northeast.
Lof 6



CAR-347
M. Slaughter Farm
Caroline County, Maryland
Wendy Zug-Gillbert
July 2001
MD SHPO

Farmhouse façade, facing northwest. Note 11/2 story section on east elevation was farms original dwelling.



CAR-347

M. Slaughter Farm
Caroline County, Manyland
Wendy Zug-Gilbert

July 2001

MD SHPO

Farmhouse, rear & west elevations, facing southeast,
3 of 6



M. Slaughter Farm

Caroline County, Maryland

Rita Suffness

June 2001

MD SHPO

Barn, west elevation, facing east

4 of 6



CAR-347
M. Slaughter Farm
Caroline County, Maryland
Werdy Zug-Gilbert
July 2001
MD Strp0
Equipment Shed, facing west.
50f6



CAR-347
M. Slaughter Farm
Caroline County Manyland
Wendy Zug-Gilbert
July 2001
MD SHPO
Poultry houses, facing northeast.
6 of 6